

OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier	MARIMIX TM Performance Asphalt Patch Material
Chemical Name	Mixture
CAS No.	Mixture
Trade Name(s)	Petroleum Asphalt / Road Paving Asphalt / Blacktop /
	Bitumen / Warm Mix Asphalt / Cold Patch Asphalt
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses	s advised against
Identified Use(s)	Paving Asphalt Patching Material
Uses Advised Against	None
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
Company Identification	Felix A. Marino Co., Inc.
	32 Corwin Street
	Peabody,MA 01960
Telephone	(978).532-3838
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency Phone No.	Not classified as dangerous for supply/use. Please contact the
	supplier above during normal business hours.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture	
OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200) / GHS Classification	Not classified as dangerous for supply/use.
Label elements	
Hazard Symbol	None
Signal Word(s)	None
Hazard Statement(s)	None
Precautionary Statement(s)	None
Other hazards	Contact with hot ASPHALT PAVING MATERIALS causes skin burns.
	May cause eye irritation.
	Fumes may cause upper respiratory irritation (nose & throat).
	Skin contact may increase susceptibility to sunburn.
	Poisonous hydrogen sulfide gas can accumulate in the head-space
	of containers of certain heated asphalt products.
	Mechanical disruption (e.g., milling, cutting, chipping) of cured asphalt pavement may release crystalline silica dust from the aggregate.
Additional Information	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
	As necessary, Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	Wash hands and exposed skin after use.



SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition/information on ingredients	% wt.	CAS No.
Aggregate (crushed stone, sand, gravel, slag)	70 - 97	Various
Petroleum asphalt / bitumen^	3 - 7	8052-42-4
Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)	0	Mixture
Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)	0	Mixture
Polymers and Natural Rubbers	0	Various
Process oils (inherent in refined petroleum asphalt)	< 0.1	Various
Anti-strip or other amine-based additives	< 0.1	Various
Warm-mix additives	< 1.0	Various

^Contains: <0.05% of 3 - 7 ring Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs).

Other Substances in the product which may present a health or environmental hazard, or which have been assigned occupational exposure limits, are detailed below. Please see Section 8 of SDS for more details.

- Contains: <0.1% airborne crystalline silica (inherent in aggregate) and <0.1% hydrogen sulfide.

- Hydrogen sulfide gas can accumulate in the head space of containers of certain heated asphalt products.

- Heated product releases asphalt fume.

Additional Information - None

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Not normally required. Move person to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if necessary. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention.
Skin Contact	Causes burns. Immediately cool skin where asphalt binder has adhered to skin. Allow asphalt binder which remains on the skin to fall off naturally. DO NOT REMOVE. If problem persist or coverage is extensive, get medical attention.
Eye Contact	Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.
Ingestion	Not normally required. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	None known
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	None known



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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

-Suitable Extinguishing Media -Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray. None anticipated.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Combustion causes toxic fumes. Combustion products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides, Sulfur oxides
Advice for fire-fighters	A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Environmental precautions Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Reference to other sections Additional Information Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Not normally required. Allow product to cool/solidify and pick up as a solid. None None.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

-Storage temperature

-Incompatible materials

Store at temperatures not exceeding the product's flash point. Strong oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

		(8hr TWA)		(STEL)		
SUBSTANCE.	CAS No.	PEL (OSHA) *	TLV (ACGIH)	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	Note:
Asphalt fume			0.5 mg/m3 ^(I)			See below
Crystalline Silica (respirable particulate)		<u>10 mg/m³</u> %SiO ₂ + 2	0.025 mg/m3 ^			See below
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4		1 ppm	20 ppm ceiling	5 ppm	50 ppm peak

^(I) Inhalable benzene-soluble fraction; ^Suspected Human Carcinogen; *Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000 & 29 CFR 1926.55; 8hr TWA = 8 hour time-weighted average; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit.

Recommended monitoring method

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Personal protection equipment

Eye/face protection

6

NIOSH 5042 (Asphalt Fume), NIOSH 7500 (Crystalline Silica), Electrochemical sensor (hydrogen sulfide).

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

The following to be used as necessary: Safety Glasses



Skin protection (Hand protection/ Other)

The following to be used as necessary: Leather or thick textile gloves.



Respiratory protection



Thermal hazards Environmental Exposure Controls In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Air-purifying respirator with combination organic vapor cartridge / particulate filter may be sufficient. Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data.

Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection, when needed.

Do not discharge waste and/or cleaning water via public sewer system. Ensure waste is collected and contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Solid
Color.	Dark brown / Black
Odor	Asphalt / Bitumen
Odor Threshold (ppm)	Not available.
pH (Value)	Not available.
Melting Point (°C) / Freezing Point (°C)	Not available.
Boiling point/boiling range (°C):	> 100 (> 212 °F)
Flash Point (°C)	> 196 (> 385 °F)
Evaporation Rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Explosive Limit Ranges	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure (Pascal)	Not determined.
Vapor Density (Air=1)	Not determined.
Density (g/ml)	2.2 - 2.7
Solubility (Water)	Negligible
Solubility (Other)	Not known
Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto Ignition Point (°C)	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature (°C)	Not available.
Kinematic Viscosity (cSt) @ 40°C	Not available
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Other information	Not available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition product(s) Stable under normal conditions. Stable. May react violently with: Strong oxidizing agents Incompatible materials Oxidizers Combustion causes toxic fumes. Combustion products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides, Sulfur oxides

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact

Information on toxicological effects



Acute toxicity	LD50 (dermal): >2000	LD50 (rat): >5000 mg/kg bw LD50 (dermal): >2000 mg/kg bw LC50 (inhalation, fume): >94.4 mg/m³			
Irritation/Corrosivity	May cause irritation to	May cause irritation to skin, eyes and respiratory system.			
Sensitization	Not to be expected	Not to be expected			
Repeated dose toxicity	()	NOAEL(rat): 28 mg/m ³ LOAEL (rat): 149 mg/m ³			
Carcinogenicity	Not to be expected at	Not to be expected at typical road paving temperatures.			
NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA		
No.	2B*	No.	No.		
Mutagenicity	Not to be expected.				
Reproductive toxicity	Not to be expected.	Not to be expected.			

Other information * IARC (2013, volume 103) identifies that "occupational exposures to straight-run bitumens and their emissions during road paving are possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)." However, classification as a carcinogen under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 is not warranted given the absence of positive cancer findings in human epidemiological studies and in cancer studies with laboratory animals when exposed dermally or by inhalation to asphalt products or fume condensates that are typical of road paving applications. IARC (2013, volume 103) also identifies that "occupational exposures to oxidized bitumens and their emissions during roofing are probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A)." Roofing shingle are sometimes recycled into road paving asphalt mix. Emissions from oxidized bitumen, e.g., from shingles, at road paving temperatures are not expected to be qualitatively different than emissions from straight-run bitumens, and therefore would not warrant a carcinogen classification under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Short term

Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Other adverse effects LL50 (48 hour): >1000 mg/l (Fish) LL50 (48 hour): >1000 mg/L (Aquatic Invertebrates) EL50 (48 hour): >1000 mg/L (Aquatic Plants) No data The product is poorly biodegradable. The product has low potential for bioaccumulation. The product has low mobility in soil. Not classified as PBT or vPvB. None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.Consult an accredited waste disposal contractor or the local authority for advice.

Additional Information

None known.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Ground or Water Domestic Voyage (DOT):

(DOT): Not regulated when transported below 240°C (464 °F).

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) - Inventory Status: All components listed or polymer exempt.



RCRA Hazardous Waste Number (40 CFR 261.33): None

US RCRA Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Designated Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.	RQ (Pounds)		
None					
SARA 311/312 - Hazard Categories: None					
SARA 313 - Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):					
Chemical N	lame	CAS No.	Typical %wt.		
None					
SARA 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances(40 CFR 355):					
Chemical Name	CAS	S No. Typical %	wt. TPQ (pounds)		
None	-				
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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16.

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